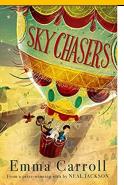
Summer Term	v 8 Weeks	Summer Term 2	7 Weeks	
	EN	NGLISH		
LITERACY WRITING FOCUS TEXT		LITERACY WRITING FOCUS TEXT		
Nastery Keys: Use relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or an omitted relative pronoun Use a wider range of devices to build cohesion e.g. conjunctions, synonyms, adverbials, punctuation Use a colon to introduce a list and use semi-colons within lists Use hyphens to avoid ambiguity	Feature keys: • Select the appropriate style to engage the audience • Use direct and reported speech to express a range of viewpoints • Use verb tenses consistently and correctly • Use real life facts, including dates and place names • Use thematic language specific to the subject • Use formal language appropriately	Sky Chasers by Emma Carroll Emma Carroll Mastery Keys: Recognise vocabulary and structures for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms Identify the audience and purpose for writing Choose the appropriate register Use semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses	Feature keys: • Use language carefully to influence the reader's opinion of a character, place or situation. • Use powerful and varied verbs for action. • Use paragraphs to vary pace and emphasis. • Use dialogue to explain the plot, reveal new information, show character or relationships or to convey mood. • Combine action, dialogue and description.	

LITERACY READ	ING FOCUS TEXT
Alastair Numphreys' GREAT ADVENTURERS The incredible expeditions of 20 explorers The incredible expeditions of 20 explorers Alastair Humphreys's Great Adventurers	Mastery Keys: Identify how presentation Distinguish Identify how presentation Summarise more than a

Mastery Keys:

- Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning
- Distinguish between fact and opinion
- Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning
- Summarise the main ideas from more than one paragraph

LITERACY READING FOCUS TEXT



Sky Chasers by Emma Carroll

Mastery Keys:

- Draw inferences (inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions); justify with evidence
- Evaluate authors' language choice, including figurative language
- Identify and discuss themes and conventions

MATHS

Measurement: Perimeter, area and volume 2 weeks	Number: Decimals 3 weeks	Ratio 2 weeks	Geometry 3 weeks	Consolidation
 Area and perimeter of rectilinear shapes Area of a triangle Area of a parallelogram Volume of a cuboid 	 Decimals up to 3 decimal paces Multiplying and dividing by 10, 100 and 1000 Multiply decimals by integers Divide decimals by integers Converting fractions, decimals and percentages 	 Using ratio language and symbols Ratio and fractions Using scale factors Ratio and proportion problems 	 Draw lines and angles accurately Measure with a protractor Angles around a point; vertically opposite angles; angles in a triangle Properties of shape 	 Measurement: Converting units Statistics Translation and reflection Arithmetic skills

SCIENCE

Evolution and Inheritance

- recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide
 information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago
- recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally
 offspring vary and are not identical to their parents
- identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution.

Electricity

- Pupils should be taught to:
- associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit
- compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including
 the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of
 switches
- use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram.

Working scientifically.

- recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, and bar and line graphs using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests
- using simple models to describe scientific ideas
 reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal
 relationships and explanations of results, in oral and written forms such as
 displays and other presentation
- Identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.

GEOGRAPHY

Geographical skills and fieldwork:

- Use maps, atlases, globes and digital mapping to locate countries and geographical features
- Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including Ordnance Survey maps)
- Sketch maps

South America

- Biomes and vegetation belts
- Key human and physical characteristics

Contrast a region of the U.K with a region in France

• Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom and a region in a European country.

DESIGN TECHNOLOGY

Electrical Systems: More complex switches and circuits - Deep sea diver

COMPUTING

Online Commuication and E-safety:

- Digital Friendship
- Cyber Bullying
- · Reading the News-

Online research

Digital literacy and communication

MUSIC

You've got a Friend

Reflect, rewind and replay

RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

Christianity

Making Sense of Life's Experiences: Serving others - The work of the Salvation Army

Influence, Community, Culture and Power: Italian Mother Superior Madre Maria Agnes Tribbioli - sheltered 2 Jewish children from Nazi raid despite danger to herself.

Hinduism

The Big Picture: Ghandi as an example leading life governed by the belief that all human beings are equal before God.

PSHE

Being my best self:

Five Ways to Wellbeing project

This will be your life!

- O Identify aspirational goals;
- o Describe the actions needed to set and achieve these.

Our recommendations

O Present information they researched on a health and wellbeing issues outlining the key issues and making suggestions for any improvements concerning those issues.

What's the risk? (1)

- o Identify risk factors in a given situation;
- O Understand and explain the outcomes of risk-taking in a given situation, including emotional risks.

What's the risk? (2)

- O Understand risks related to growing up and explain the need to be aware of these;
- O Assess a risk to help keep themselves safe.

Basic first aid

Growing and changing:

In this section of the PSHE curriculum we will be teaching the children about puberty. The curriculum requires our pupils to know some of the correct words for the external sexual organs and other body parts including: pubic hair, vulva, vaginal opening, urinary opening, labia, penis, scrotum, testicles, foreskin, anus, wet dreams and erection.

The children will also be taught about the key facts of the menstrual cycle and will be introduced to the following vocabulary:

puberty, menstrual cycle, eggs, periods, menstruation, sanitary protection, sanitary pads, tampons, menstruation cup, genitalia and semen.

Helpful or unhelpful? Managing change

- Recognise some of the changes they have experienced and their emotional responses to those changes;
- o Suggest positive strategies for dealing with change;
- Identify people who can support someone who is dealing with a challenging time of change.

change, support, conversation, discuss

I look great!

- Understand that fame can be short-lived;
- Recognise that photos can be changed to match society's view of perfect;
- Identify qualities that people have, as well as their looks.

- How to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary.
- Concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.

body image, self-esteem, manipulation

Media manipulation

- Define what is meant by the term stereotype and how the media can sometimes reinforce gender stereotypes;
- · Recognise that people fall into a wide range of what is seen as normal;
- Challenge stereotypical gender portrayals of people.

media manipulation, stereotype, gender stereotype

Pressure online

- Understand the risks of sharing images online and how these are hard to control, once shared;
- Understand that people can feel pressured to behave in a certain way because of the influence of the peer group;
- Understand the norms of risk-taking behaviour and that these are usually lower than people believe them to be.

peer pressure, right to privacy, sharing online, online safety

Is this normal?

- O Define the word 'puberty' giving examples of some of the physical and emotional changes associated with it
- o Suggest strategies that would help someone who felt challenged by the changes in puberty

- O Understand that periods are a normal part of puberty for girls and identify some ways girls can cope with this
- o Know the key facts of the menstrual cycle

puberty, physical changes, emotional changes, rights.

Dear Ash

- Explain the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret;
- Identify situations where someone might need to break a confidence in order to keep someone safe.

in confidence, break a confidence, confidential

Making babies (Parent's can withdraw child from non-statutory sex education lesson)

- Identify the changes that happen through puberty to allow sexual reproduction to occur;
- Know a variety of ways in which the sperm can fertilise the egg to create a baby;
- Know the legal age of consent and what it means.

Key vocabulary: eggs. ovaries, sperm, testicles, puberty, vagina, penis, embryo, sexual intercourse, consensual, condom, surrogacy, adoption, IVF, age of consent

We will also be ensuring that we complete some PSHE work aiding children with the transition to secondary school.

PE	
Rounders, cricket and athletics	
MFL	
ood and drink	
Art	
Keith Siddle- creating contrasting colour paintings with repeating patterns of fish.	