## YEAR I CURRICULUM 202I

| Summer Term I 7 Weeks, |  | Summer Term | 27 Weeks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENGLISH |  |  |  |
| LITERACY WRITING FOCUS TEXT |  | LITERACY WRITING FOCUS TEXT |  |
| Mastery Keys <br> Join words and clauses using and. Punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark. Add suffixes to verbs where no change is needed to the noot e.g -ed, -er, -ing, -est. Change the meaning of verbs and adjectives by adding the prefix un- | Feature keys <br> Use some story language. Include and describe characters. Include and describe the setting. Write simple sentences in sequence. Include a beginning, middle and end | Mastery Keys <br> Join words and clauses using and. <br> Use simple description. <br> Sequence sentences to. form short namatives (link ideas on events by pronouns). Use a capital letter for places and days of the week. Punctuate sentences, using a capital letters, full stop, question mark on exclamation mank | Feature keys <br> Story language. Simple description for character and setting. Sequence of events. Include a beginning, middle and end. Past tense |

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## GUIDED READING

## Wond Reading:

Read aloud books that are consistent with their developing phonics knouledge and do not require them to use other strategies to work out words. Re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading.

## Comprehensions:

Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding.
Listen to and discuss a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond independent reading
Understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently and those they lister to.
Participate in discussion about what is being shared in reading and link to our experiences, taking turns and listening to what others say. Explain clearly what is being read.

## Skillo:

Word reading, retrieval and sequence, inference and prediction, structure, language choice and make connections.

| MATHS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number: Multiplication and <br> Division <br> 3 weeks, | Number: Fractions, 2 weeks | Geometry <br> I Week | Place Value within 100 2 weeks | Measure - Money I week | Measurement - Time 2 weeks |
| Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. <br> Solve one step problems, involving multiplication and | Recognise, find and name <br> a half as one of two. equal parts of an object, shape on quantity. | Describe position, direction, including whole, half, quarter | Count to 100 forwards and backwands beginning from 0 or any given number. | Recognise and know the value of different | Sequence events in chronological onder using language. |

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| division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays. | Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape on quantity. | and three <br> turns. | arten | Count, read and write numbers, to 100 in numenals. | denominations of coins and notes. | Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years. Tell the time to the hour, half hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SCIENCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MATERIALS SEASONAL CHANGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pupils should be taught to: <br> - distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made <br> - identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock <br> - describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials, <br> - compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties. |  |  | Seasonal changes <br> Pupils should be taught to: <br> - observe changes across, the four seasons <br> - obsenve and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies. <br> Working Scientifically <br> - asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways <br> - observing closely, using simple equipment |  |  |  |

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Working Scientifically:

- asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways
- observing closely, using simple equipment
- performing simple tests
- identifying and classifying
- using thein observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions
- gathering and reconding data to help in answering questions

Which paper will be the most waterproof boat?
How can we group materials in our classroom?

- performing simple tests
- identifying and classifying
- using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions,
- gathering and reconding data to help in answering questions,


## GEOGRAPHY - Oceans and Continents (SUMMER I)

Locational knouledge name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans

Geographical skills and fieldwork, use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language Ifor example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map

## HISTORY

The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements.
Some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods (Neil Armstrong, Christophen Columbus)

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| PSHE |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| BEING MY BEST <br> I can eat a rainbow <br> - Recognise the importance of friit and vegetables in their daily diet; <br> - Know that eating at least five portions of vegetables and fruit a day helps to maintain health. <br> stanchy, dainy, protein, fruit, vegetables, vitamins, portion <br> Eat well <br> - Recognise that they may have different tastes in food to others, <br> - Select foods from the Eatwell Guide (formerly Eatwell Plate) in order tomake a healthy lunch; <br> - Recognise which foods we need to eat more of and which we need toeat less of to be healthy. <br> healthy, fruit, vegetables, dairy, meat, sugar, salt, cereal <br> Catch it! Bin it! Kill it! <br> - Understand how diseases car spread; | GROWING AND CHANGING <br> Inside my wonderful body! <br> - Name majon internal body parts (heart, lungs, blood, stomach, intestines, brain); <br> - Understand and explain the simple bodily processes associated with them <br> organ, heart, lungs, intestines, brain, stomach, oxygen, digested <br> Taking care of a baby <br> - Understand some of the tasks required to look after a baby: <br> - Explain how to meet the basic needs of a baby, for example, eye contact, cuddling, washing, changing, and feeding. <br> caring, love, attention <br> Ther and now <br> - Identify things they could do as a baby, a toddler and can do now; <br> - Identify the people who help/helped therr at those different stages. |

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- Recognise and use simple strategies for preventing the spread of diseases.
germs, disease, hygiene, spread


## Harold learns to nide his, bike

- Recognise that learning a new skill requires practice and the opportunity to fail, safely;
- Understand the learning line's use as a simple tool to describe the learning process, including overcoming challenges.
learning, practice, make mistakes, confidence, achievement


## Pass, on the praise!

- Demonstrate attentive listening skills;
- Suggest simple strategies for resolving conflict situations;
- Give and receive positive feedback, and experience how this makes thern feel.
change, growing


## Who can help?

- Explair the difference between teasing and bullying;
- Give examples of what they can do if they experience on witness bullying;
- Say who they could get help from in a bullying situation.
unkind, unkindness, tease, teasing, bully, bullying, witness, experience, getting help


## Surprises, and secrets,

- Explair the difference between a secret and a nice sumprise;
- Identify situations as being secrets on surprises;
- Identify who they can talk to if they feel uncomfortable about any secret they are told, on told to keep.
surprise, secret, uncomfortable


## Keeping privates private

- Identify parts of the body that are private;


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praise, support, feedback, encourage, feelings,
Harold has a bad day

- Recognise how a persoris, behaviour (including their oun) can affect other people.
behaviour, consequences, special person, promises,


## PE

- Describe ways in which private parts can be kept private;
- Identify people they can talk to about their private parts.
- Use the correct vocabulary wher naming the different parts of the body. privates, private, penis, vilva, hygiene

Athletics, Split into field and track

